

# The charmonium and beauty physics programme in ATLAS

*Maria Smizanska*

*Lancaster University, UK*

# Layout of the talk

- ATLAS  $J/\psi$  selection strategy for early beam conditions
- Mass determination, method, results
- Kinematic properties of  $J/\psi$  with early selections
- First performance results with  $J/\psi$
- B-physics program
  - two examples of early measurements under preparation
  - two examples future high sensitivity B-measurements

# Early $J/\psi$ : event selections

- p-p collision data at 7 TeV, taken between March 30th and May 17th 2010
- Integrated luminosity of data used for this study:  $6.4 \pm 1.3 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
- **Strategy:**  
collect largest possible statistics; determine mass, resolution and  $J/\psi$  properties, understand backgrounds
- **Trigger requirements:**
  - Minimum Bias Trigger Scintillators (MBTS) mounted at each end of the detector in front of the Liquid Argon Endcap-Calorimeter cryostats at  $z = \pm 3.56 \text{ m}$ . The MBTS trigger - requires at least two hits from either sides of the detector.
  - L1 minimum bias trigger was not prescaled for runs with luminosity  $< 10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ .
  - A dedicated muon software trigger commissioning chain at the Event Filter level initiated by the MBTS L1 trigger searches for muon track in the entire Muon Spectrometer
    - Analysing data in MBTS stream we requested at least one muon must pass the EF muon-commissioning chain with a muon of any  $p_T$  reconstructed in the Muon System
- To ensure collision events are selected, at least 3 tracks form a primary vertex.

# $\mu\mu$ and $J/\psi$ selections

## Types of muons used:

- Combined muon:
  - statistical combination of track parameters and the covariance matrices of Muon System (MS) track and Inner detector (ID) track;
  - the tracks with tight matching criteria selected to create a combined muon track traversing the ID and MS
- Tagged muon:
  - muon segments matched to ID tracks extrapolated to MS. Reconstructed muon adopts parameters of ID track.
- Pairs of muons with at least one Combined muon were retained

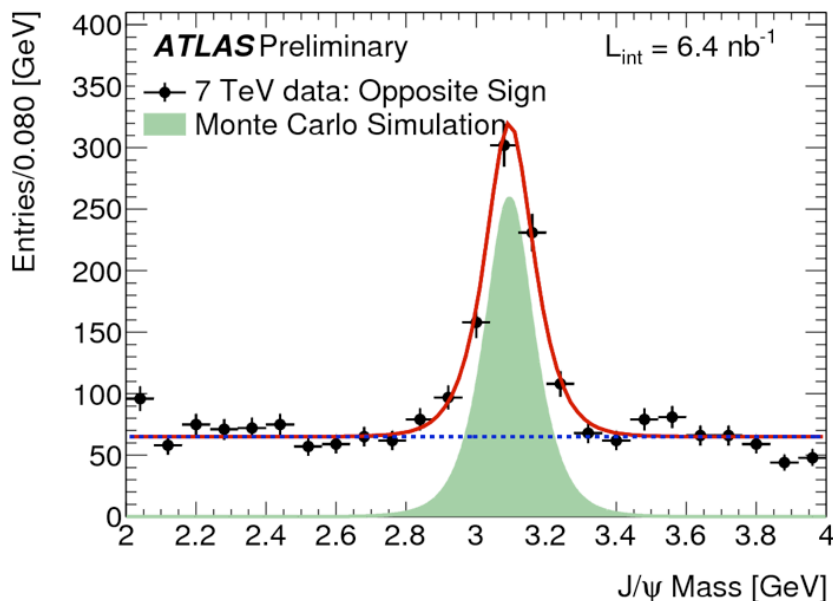
## Cosmic ray background:

- may come from a pair formed by a cosmic muon and a muon from the collision. The probability is very small ( $< 10^{-4}$ ) from the 900 GeV data analysis
- A cosmic muon mimicking a  $J/\psi$  decaying back-to-back is excluded - muons detected in the MS can only have momentum higher than 3 GeV.

# $\mu\mu$ and $J/\psi$ selections, cont

- **ID selections, Vertexing:**
  - $\geq 1$  hit in the pixels and 6 hits in silicon strip layers
  - $p_T > 0.5$  GeV on each track
  - Tracks fitted to a common vertex using vertexing tools based on Kalman filter.
  - No constraints on mass or pointing to the primary vertex, and a very high vertex fit  $\chi^2$  upper limit is applied ( $\chi^2 < 200$ ).
- Only ID track parameters of muons used for this J/psi study
- **Same sign pairs retained for cross-checking.**
- **Cuts not optimized to reject backgrounds, since the aim of this study is to understand the shape of the low  $p_T$  combinatorial background**

# Early J/ψ signal in ATLAS



$$L = \prod_{i=1}^N \left[ f_{signal}(m_{\mu\mu}^i) + f_{bkg}(m_{\mu\mu}^i) \right]$$

$$f_{signal}(m_{\mu\mu}, \delta m_{\mu\mu}) \equiv a_0 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} S \delta m_{\mu\mu}} e^{-\frac{(m_{\mu\mu} - m_{J/\psi})^2}{2(S\delta m_{\mu\mu})^2}}$$

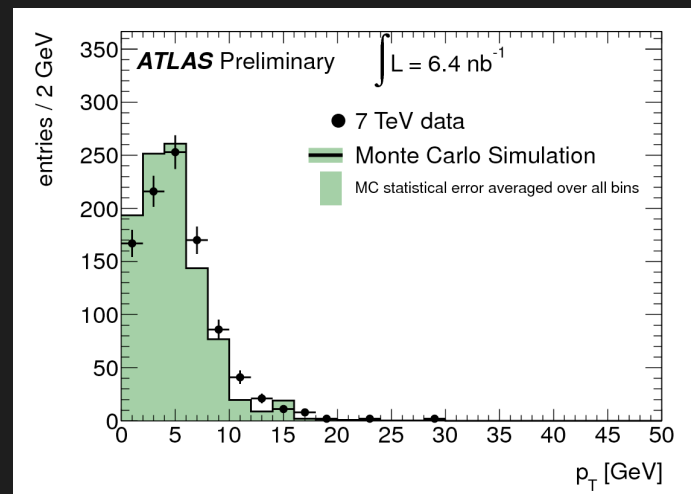
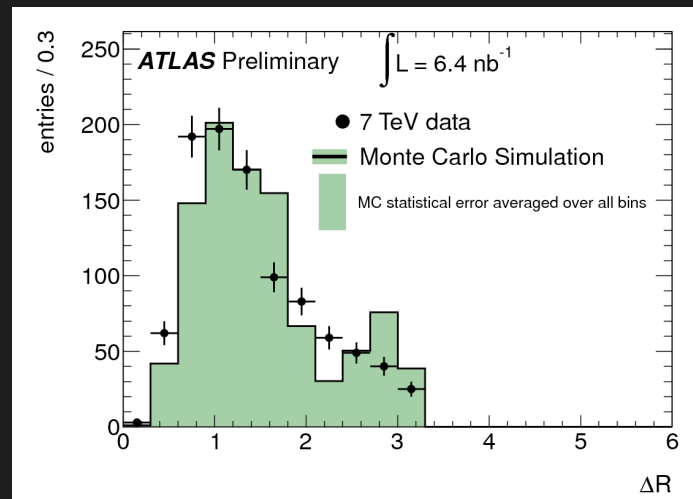
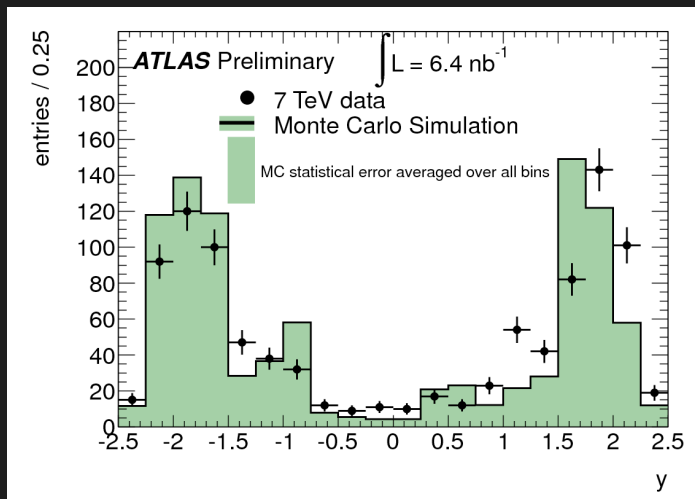
$$f_{bkg}(m_{\mu\mu}) \equiv (1 - a_0)$$

- $\delta m_{\mu\mu}$  - measured mass uncertainty of each pair of muon tracks
- $S$  - scale factor to cover for unaccounted uncertainties on track parameters (e.g. non-gaussian tails)

		$m_{J/\psi}$ , GeV	$\sigma_m$ , MeV	$N_{sig}$	$N_{bck}$
all	data	$3.095 \pm 0.004$	$82 \pm 7$	$612 \pm 34$	$332 \pm 9$
	MC	$3.098 \pm 0.001$	$74 \pm 0.4$		

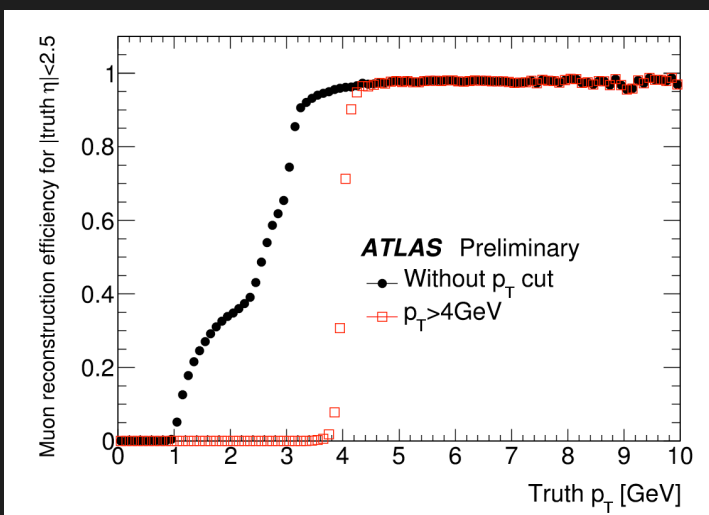
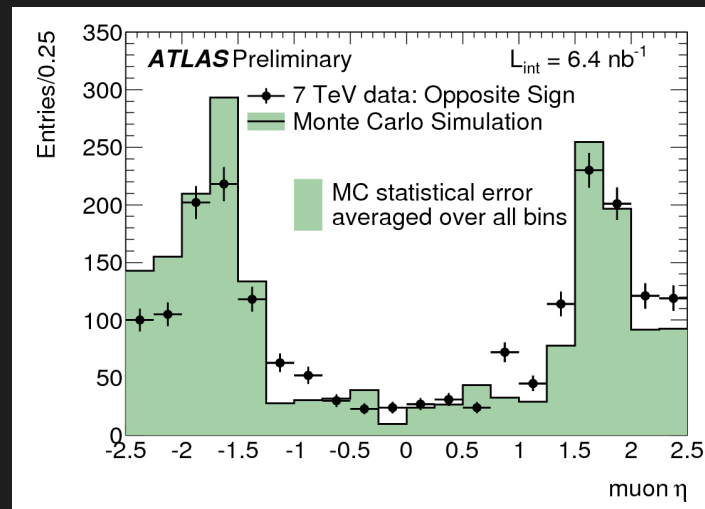
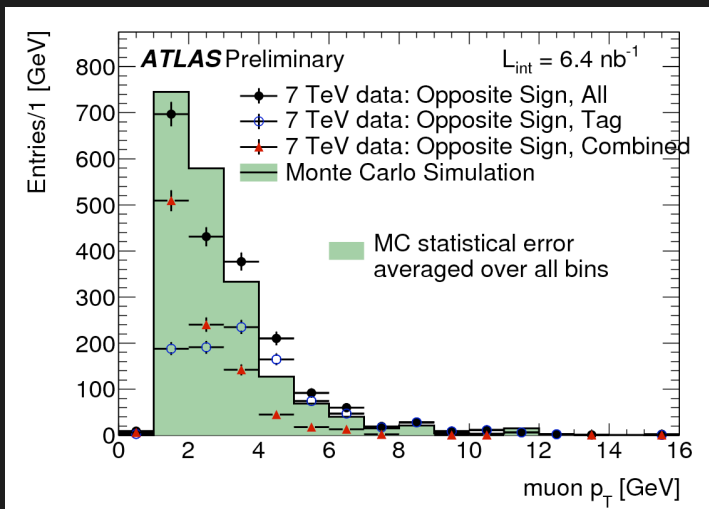
- The measured mass agrees with PDG within statistical precision of first data
- mass resolution agrees with that expected from MC

# Properties of early $J/\psi$ in ATLAS



- Data agree with MC predictions of resolution and PDG mass
- Also good agreement between data and MC on kinematic properties of  $J/\psi$ 
  - Essential conclusions derived from these first  $J/\psi$  signal studies.

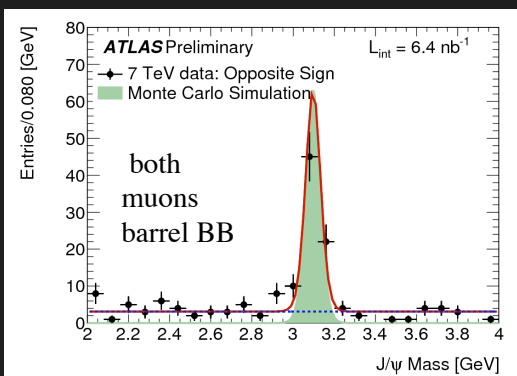
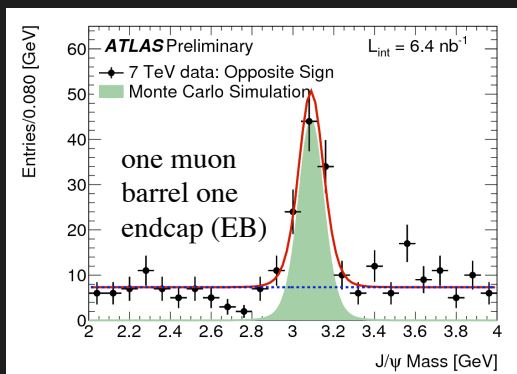
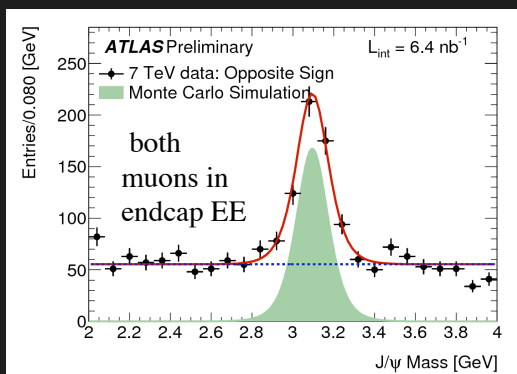
# Properties of muons from early $J/\psi$



- Our early analysis can access very low  $p_T$   $J/\psi$  producing soft  $p_T$  muons, see left top
- Muons with enough energy to cross the calorimeters reach the MS mainly in the forward region
- This is a consequence of the muon acceptance of the ATLAS detector without any threshold requirement on the muon trigger, see the muon efficiency (left bottom, black) determined from MC



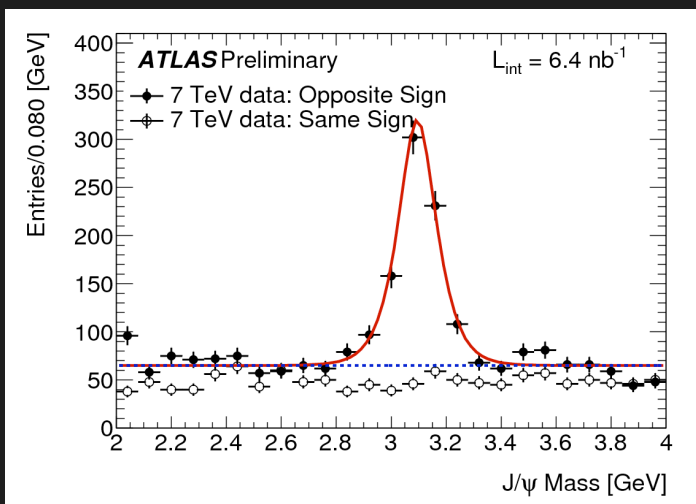
# Performance of early $J/\psi$ in ATLAS



- $J/\psi$  mass resolution varies with the pseudorapidity of muons accordingly to MC expectations
  - endcap  $2.5 > |\eta| > 1.05$ , barrel  $|\eta| < 1.05$
- no statistically significant mass shifts from the PDG value observed in any of the pseudorapidity regions

		$m_{J/\psi}, \text{ GeV}$	$\sigma_m, \text{ MeV}$	$N_{sig}$	$N_{bck}$
all	data	$3.095 \pm 0.004$	$82 \pm 7$	$612 \pm 34$	$332 \pm 9$
	MC	$3.098 \pm 0.001$	$74 \pm 0.4$		
	data n/v	$3.096 \pm 0.004$	$82 \pm 7$	$612 \pm 34$	$351 \pm 10$
BB	data	$3.097 \pm 0.005$	$36 \pm 6$	$69 \pm 9$	$8 \pm 1$
	MC	$3.098 \pm 0.001$	$37 \pm 0.7$		
	data n/v	$3.099 \pm 0.005$	$38 \pm 7$	$69 \pm 9$	$8 \pm 1$
EB	data	$3.089 \pm 0.008$	$66 \pm 12$	$88 \pm 11$	$34 \pm 3$
	MC	$3.097 \pm 0.001$	$53 \pm 0.8$		
	data n/v	$3.089 \pm 0.009$	$66 \pm 12$	$87 \pm 11$	$36 \pm 3$
EE	data	$3.095 \pm 0.006$	$88 \pm 9$	$437 \pm 31$	$324 \pm 10$
	MC	$3.098 \pm 0.001$	$82 \pm 0.5$		
	data n/v	$3.096 \pm 0.006$	$88 \pm 9$	$437 \pm 31$	$344 \pm 10$

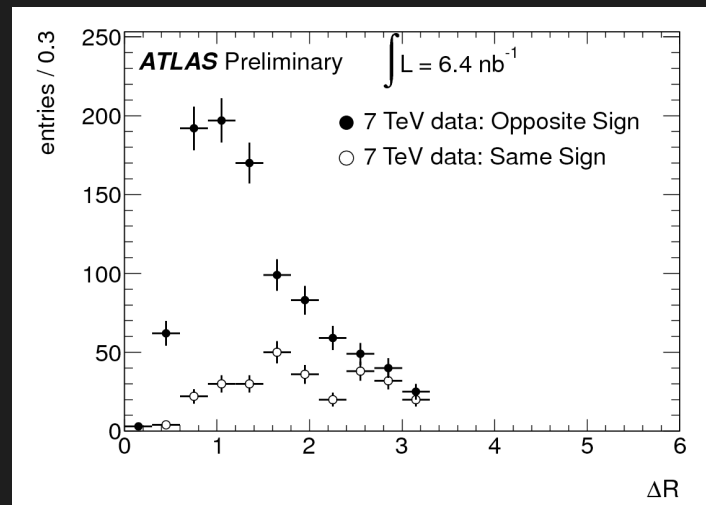
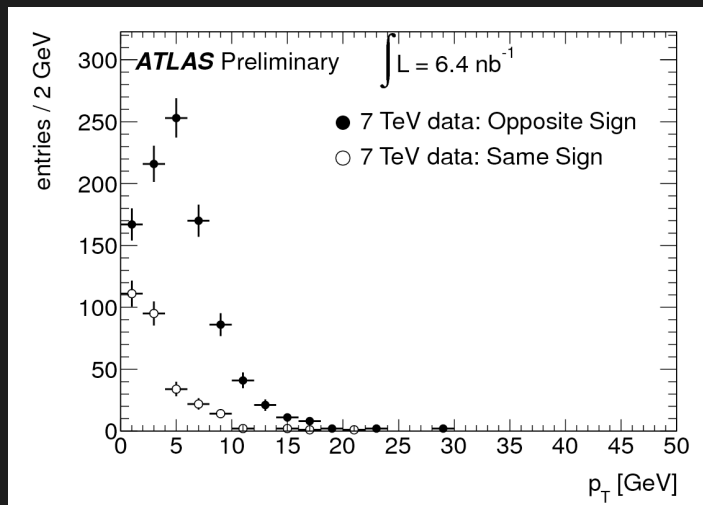
# Comparison with like sign pairs



Early di-muon pairs selected at lowest  $p_T$  have specific features visible when comparing like sign pairs with  $J/\psi$  candidates

- like sign pairs almost match the level of the  $J/\psi$  background (unlike pairs) in the side bands
  - source of both dominated by muons from K/pi decays
  - very little b/c content in tails

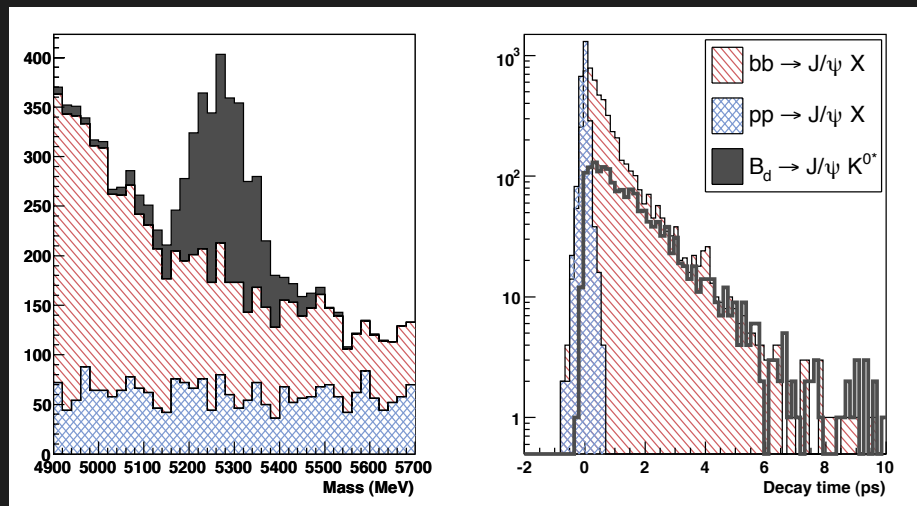
Di-muon pairs of opposite sign in the  $J/\psi$  region have evidently different kinematic properties from the like sign pairs



# ATLAS B-physics program

- ATLAS B-physics program is realised in following sub-projects
  - HF quarkonia measurements
  - $B \rightarrow J/\psi$  (inclusive, exclusive) channels
  - Rare B-decays  $B_{sd} \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $b \rightarrow s \mu\mu$ ,  $b \rightarrow d \mu\mu$
  - Production properties of B and D-mesons decaying into hadrons
- Each sub-project has tasks/measurements for early, medium and advanced periods
  - First measurements, in addition to physics results, serve to improve understanding of detector performance to allow later high precision measurements
- Selected examples of MC based studies are given further for the early and for advanced periods
  - Complete B-physics program [arXiv:0901.0512](https://arxiv.org/abs/0901.0512) ; CERN-OPEN-2008-020, Chapter 11.

# Early measurements with exclusive $B \rightarrow J/\psi$



Parameter	Simulated value	Fit result with statistical error
$\Gamma$ , $\text{ps}^{-1}$	0.651	$0.73 \pm 0.07$
$m(B)$ , GeV	5.279	$5.284 \pm 0.006$

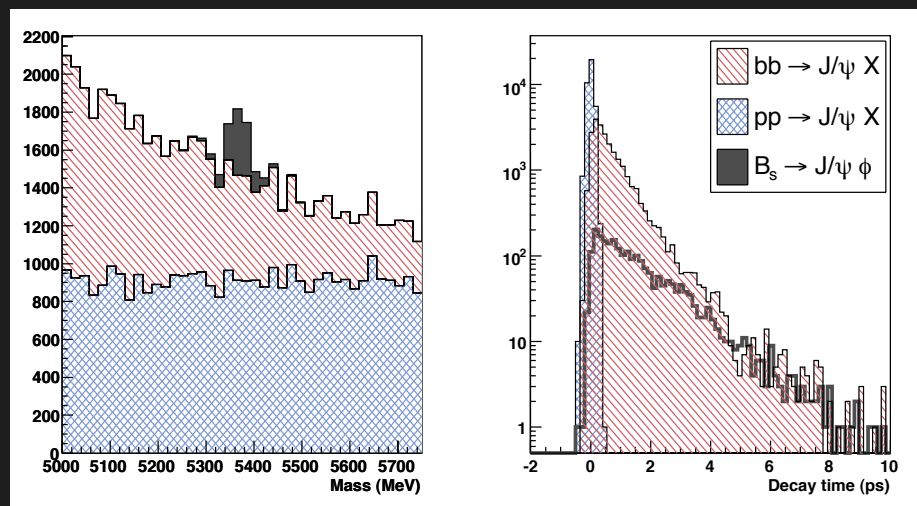
  

$\Gamma_s$ , $\text{ps}^{-1}$	0.683	$0.743 \pm 0.051$
$m(B)$ , GeV	5.343	$5.359 \pm 0.006$

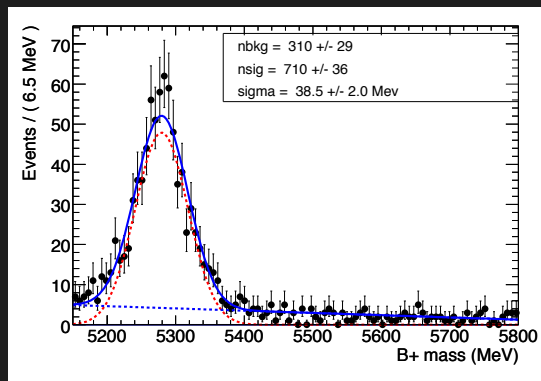
Applying simultaneous mass - lifetime likelihood fit to events

- $B \rightarrow J/\psi K^{0*}$  ( $10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )
- $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$  ( $150 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )

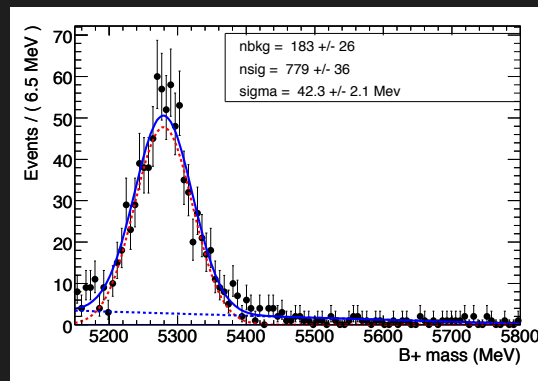
Lifetimes measured with sensitivity better than 10%. Early lifetime measurements test the calibrations and alignments necessary for precise CPV studies



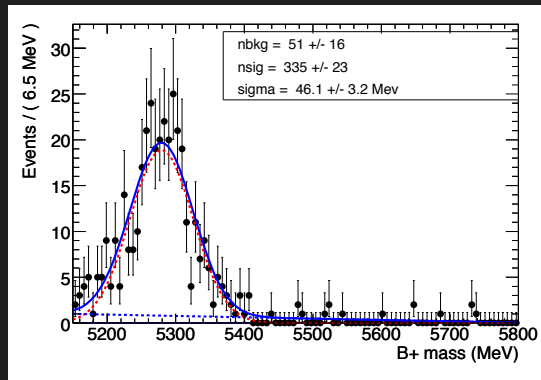
# Differential cross section $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$



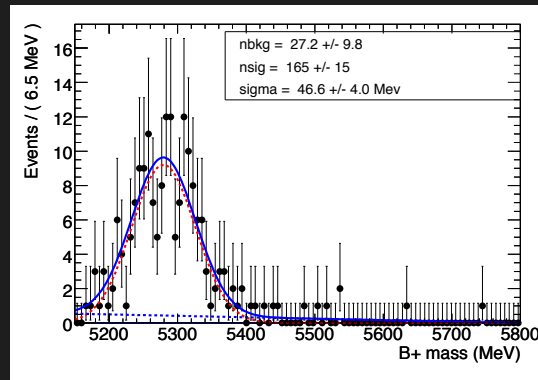
(a)  $10 \leq p_T < 18$  GeV



(b)  $18 \leq p_T < 26$  GeV



(c)  $26 \leq p_T < 34$  GeV



(d)  $34 \leq p_T < 42$  GeV

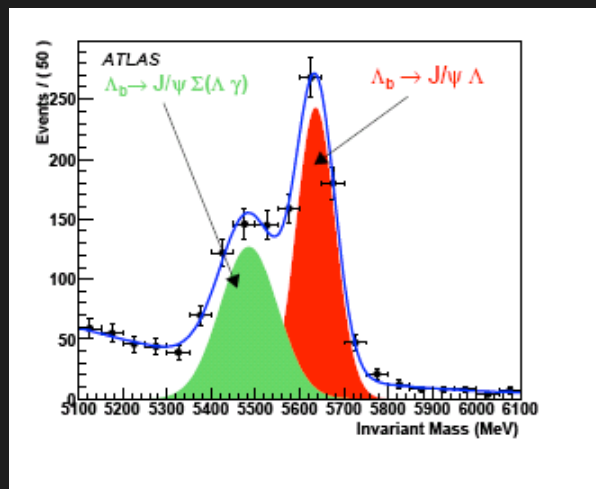
Fit of the  $B^+$  mass in four  $p_T$  ranges

$p_T$ range [GeV]	$p_T \in [10, 18]$	$p_T \in [18, 26]$	$p_T \in [26, 34]$	$p_T \in [34, 42]$	$p_T \in [10, \text{inf})$
stat. + $\mathcal{A}$ [%]	7.7	6.9	10.5	13.9	4.3
total [%]	16.1	15.8	17.6	19.8	14.8

The  $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$  total and differential production cross-sections

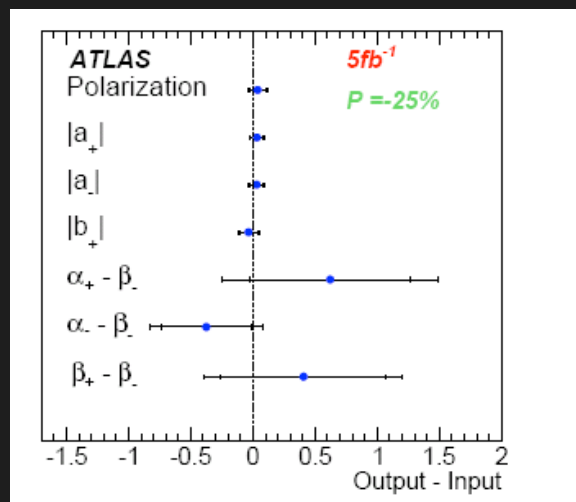
- With  $10 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  the total cross-section can be measured with a statistical precision better than 5%
- The differential cross-section with precision of the order of 10%.

# Production polarization of $\Lambda_b$ with $5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



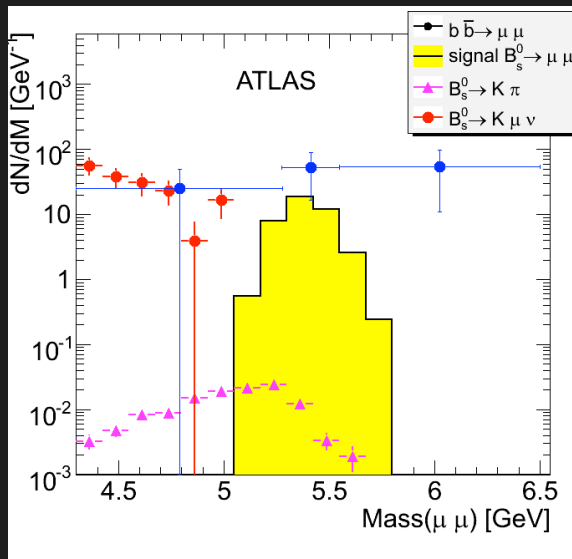
Polarization varies with pseudorapidity thus ATLAS/CMS and LHCb can perform complementary measurements to map full range.

With  $5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  the  $\Lambda_b$  polarization in ATLAS can be measured with precision of 0.07



Parameter	Value $\pm$ Uncertainty (Polarization = -25%)
Polarization	$-0.213 \pm 0.069$
$ a_+ $	$0.461 \pm 0.051$
$ a_- $	$0.289 \pm 0.058$
$ b_+ $	$0.259 \pm 0.071$
$\alpha_+ - \beta_-$	$-0.991 \pm 0.640$
$\alpha_- - \beta_-$	$0.856 \pm 0.364$
$\beta_+ - \beta_-$	$-1.442 \pm 0.666$

# ATLAS potential for $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$



$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  signal and backgrounds after applying all selection cuts - relevant at  $> 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Selection cut	$B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ efficiency	$b\bar{b} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-X$ efficiency	
$I_{\mu\mu} > 0.9$	0.24	$(2.6 \pm 0.3) \cdot 10^{-2}$	
$L_{xy} > 0.5\text{mm}$	0.26	$(1.4 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$(1.0 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-3}$
$\alpha < 0.017 \text{ rad}$	0.23	$(8.5 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-3}$	
Mass in $[-\sigma, 2\sigma]$	0.76	0.079	
TOTAL	0.04	$0.24 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$(2.0 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-6}$
Events yield	5.7		$14^{+13}_{-10}$

- The ATLAS performance was analysed for first  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$ . Shown that di-muon performance with real data consistent with MC predictions
- The MC simulation of  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  potential (left) to test potential with  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  was done with trigger menus for  $> 10^{33}$ 
  - both muons required  $pT > 6 \text{ GeV}$ .
- Low  $pT$  B-physics di-muon triggers will be applied at low instantaneous luminosities of early LHC period to maximize reach for first sensitivity
- At  $\sim 10^{34}$  dedicated triggers prepared to use full ATLAS potential for  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$   $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$  in physics program for ATLAS upgrade

# Summary

- Early  $J/\psi$  data taken with minimum bias trigger show excellent agreement with expected performance
- Reproducing  $J/\psi$  PDG mass in all pseudorapidity regions – confirms that  $p_T$  scale understood at low  $p_T$  range
- $J/\psi$  mass resolution over entire pseudorapidity regions of detector – consistent with MC.
- B-physics program prepared for both early and advanced periods.
- ATLAS will significantly contribute to  $B \rightarrow \mu\mu$  potential as an instantaneous LHC luminosity will be increased to several times  $10^{33}$  and to a nominal value  $10^{34}$  Rare B decays for detector upgrade being prepared.